Tameside and Glossop CCG/LMC GP Guidance

Vs 10 Draft 17/04/20 Review 24/4/20

Principles

Consider double triage with colleague.

Person triaging sees the patient themselves.

Restrict building access eg. by entryphone, or allowing 2 people at a time with adequate social distancing.

Consider assessing patients outside if possible

Clinician wears at least gloves, mask, apron and eye protection. PPE Guidance.

Patient comes in to surgery alone if possible and told not to touch anything.

Use the shortest possible path to consulting room and dedicate one room (Red room) in the practice for face to face assessment.

Patient washes hands, and to wear a surgical mask

Patient brought in for brief exam, then straight out.

Clean the room surfaces, and equipment with alcohol wipes. Open window(s) to air the room. Remove PPE, wash hands.

Phone patient afterwards to discuss plan and safetynet.

Support for GPs and APs

Palliative care advice Mon-Fri 9-5 from Dr Patrick Fitzgerald (Willow wood)

patrick.fitzgerald1@nhs.net 07776 635141

Peer GP support phonecall (fast response) from tgccg.gppeersupport@nhs.net This includes advice from GPwSI if needed, Mon-Fri 9-6pm

If you have no facility to dedicate a specific room in your practice for assessing patients who may have COVID19 (ideally this should have a separate entrance) then discuss options with your PCN PRG Resilience clinical lead. A variety of options to assess patients O2 saturations remotely are currently being tested out in T&G.

All residents in Care Homes will be reviewed daily by the Digital health team at ICFT.

The Hospital Home visiting team will very soon care for patients who are significantly unwell with COVID19 who are being looked after in their own home. (currently in development)

C19 Symptoms — Cough or fever

(Pts may have myalgia, fatigue, sore throat, diarrhoea, congestion)

Alternative diagnosis to C19 more likely (but C19 possible).

Usually no respiratory symptoms eg. fever due to pyelonephritis. Endocarditis etc

Resp Sx with no fever more likely due to asthma Heart failure etc

In these circumstances the clinician may decide to risk a brief F2F consultation due to their knowledge of the patient. If this is the case TAKE PRECAUTIONS and use PPE in line with PHE guidance.

Triage Assessment: Phone/Video

This will be done in the first instance by 111/CCAS. However sometimes patients will phone their GP surgery or CCAS may book directly into GP system via GP Connect.

Able to get out of bed

(measured by Pt/over

Adults O2 Sats >94%

If equipment available

Safety Netting. Advised to

call Practice (or 111 OOH) if symptoms are worse.

Note: patients can

6-8 and rapidly

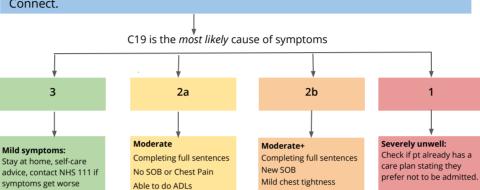
deteriorate

become unwell on day

Adults RR 14-20

Adults HR <100

video)



Tips to reduce practice footfall

Consider converting testosterone injections to gel

Consider converting B12 injections to tablets

Choose contraception that doesn't need monitoring (desogestrol) LINK

Leave 14 week gaps between depot-injections

Consider INR testing outside/in cars and text regime later/convert warfarin to NOAC if safe to do so. LINK

Updates and Feedback

The COVID19 pandemic is an ever changing situation

Please check you are using the most up to date version of this guidance as it is currently being updated twice a week.

If any part of the pathway has not worked for you in the way you expect we need to know so that we can sort out problems. If you have an problems all feedback please email

tgccg.primarycarereporting@nhs.net

Consider loaning pt O2 Treat temperature: Paracetamol Fluids satn monitor if feasible

video)

Treat temperature: Paracetamol, Fluids

Struggling to do ADLS

Adults RR 20-24

Adults HR 100-130

(measured by Pt/over

If equipment available

Secondary Bacterial there is pleuritic chest pain or purulent sputum

Doxycycline 200mg stat,

Amoxicillin 500mg tds 5/7

Safety Netting. Phone/Video review in 24 48 hours

Adults O2 Sats 92-94%

Adults RR >25

Adults HR ≥131

New confusion

CFS≤4

999

Admission

arranged by

Digital health

If patient has a monitor

Assess pre-COVID

Clinical Frailty Score

CFS≥5

Phone

Digital Health

0161 922 4460

Acute COVID19

Team will assess

Adults O2 Sats ≤92%

Consider Rx presumed

Pneumonia particularly if

100mg od 5/7 (first line)

REMEMBER -all non-COVID acute medical admission also go via Digital health as before

The Acute COVID team may

request EoLC to be provided by

patients GP/ Community Services.

No C19 Symptoms

Telephone / Video Consult

Most cases managed on the telephone or by video.

F2F needed?

Principles

Restrict building access eg. by entryphone, or allowing 2 people at a time with adequate social distancing

Patient comes to surgery alone

Patient washes hands

Brief consultation

Wipe down all surfaces afterwards

NON-COVID19 ILLNESS

GPs should try and manage all patients virtually (telephone triage and/or video consultation).

Adequate PPE must be worn for every single F2F appointment.

Only arrange blood tests or investigations of these are considered essential (eg. for early diagnosis of cancer) and cannot be delayed by several months.

If acute medical admission needed, please go via digital health as before 0161 922 4460.

GP ROUTINE BUT ESSENTIAL WORK

e.g.child immunisations AND essential blood tests (e.g. high-risk drug monitoring like azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, cyclosporin, sirolimus, tacrolimus, warfarin, lithium) AND urgent injections (cancer, etc). Aim to do this on home visits (at doorstep) for patients in highly vulnerable group we are 'shielding'.

Baby checks can be combined with the first immunisations and performed in as short a time as possible.

Other care can continue if it can be done virtually/remotely.

Smears can be risk assessed. Routines can be postponed if PPE is in shortage or staff capacity low due to absence.

At least basic PPE (apron, mask, gloves) must be worn for every single F2F appointment.

See this link for guidance on essential GP work.